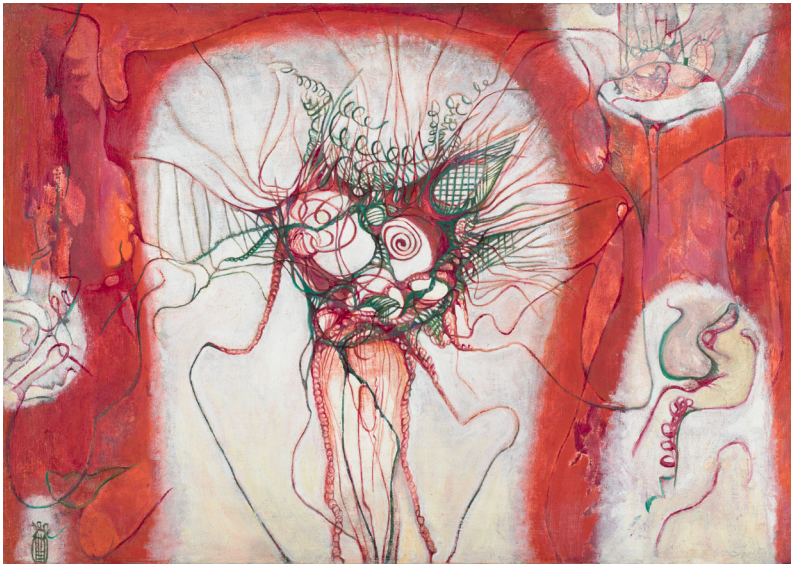


Press Release

Erna Rosenstein

Hauser & Wirth Zurich, Limmatstrasse
2 September 2022 – 7 January 2023



‘Painting is something that is inherent in me, but at the same time, I can feel that some elements of the world flow through me and I only make them real. It comes from the world; it is part of my transformed memories, but also from the smell of the air at the moment, the swing of the leaves, the road traffic. Everything flows through me and brings something out. Maybe these are some faraway echoes or astral matters. I don’t know. I am thus only a tool transmitting in my own way. It will like drawing ink, a drawing pen, oil paint, distemper or the like.’

– Erna Rosenstein

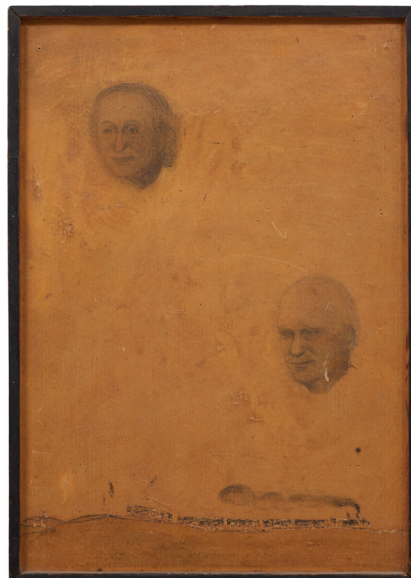
This September, Hauser & Wirth Zurich, Limmatstrasse presents ‘Erna Rosenstein’, the first major presentation in Europe outside of Poland devoted to the iconoclastic artist (1913 – 2004). Rosenstein’s wartime survival, commitment to Surrealism and lifelong adherence to leftist ideologies course through the visual language of her paintings, drawings and assemblage sculptures, as well as poems, diaristic writings and deceptively whimsical children’s stories. Steeped in an extraordinary personal history and responding to traumas suffered in the Holocaust and the postwar sociopolitical upheaval of her native country, the art of Erna Rosenstein defies simple classification.

Erna Rosenstein’s six-decade career was fueled by the formation of prewar artistic, intellectual and political affiliations, and is expressed in a constant oscillation between autobiographical figuration and biomorphic abstraction. While Rosenstein produced artworks in the prewar period, nothing survived the war; instead, she filtered the memories of her early life through fantastical stories and enchanting visual landscapes. Grappling with themes of memory, trauma, longing and loss, she used paint, ink and found materials to suggest a world tinged with allegory, enchantment and fairytale. ‘Erna Rosenstein’ brings together over fifty works, including works from the Estate of Erna Rosenstein, that will be exhibited publicly for the first time since the artist’s death in 2004, generously loaned by her son Adam Sandauer.

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Abstract paintings dating from the early 1950s to the end of the 1970s showcase the intense focus of those two decades of her practice and reflect the political and personal turmoil of those years. 'Poświata (Afterglow)' (1968) depicts a babbling brook running down from the valleys and rolling hills of a pastel landscape rendered in billowing pinks and citron greens, while 'Kwiaty piekła (Hell Flowers)' (1968) is saturated with bodily reds in which biological forms vibrate, conjuring the sensations of nerves or internal organs. This work is particularly charged with personal meaning: it was made in 1968, a turbulent year for Polish Jews who had survived the Holocaust as many were forced to emigrate from Poland by the Communist government in an antisemitic purge. Rosenstein opted to stay in Poland, a painful scenario reflected in the sometimes-violent imagery that surfaced in her work of this period. These works are exemplary of the artist's abstract practice in which biomorphic shapes undulate and pulse on the surface of the canvas. The forms often evoke bodily sensations of inner landscapes that belong to the mystical realm of the psyche. Often discussed in regard to their alchemical qualities, Rosenstein's abstract landscapes are rooted in the unconscious mind and arouse otherworldly and cosmological allusions.



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Also on display are Rosenstein's deeply autobiographical paintings, shifting to the figurative side of the artist's practice. Her parents' murder during the Holocaust is a subject she returns to repeatedly in multiple drawings and paintings across the decades. She does not attempt to directly depict their brutal murder in realistic terms, instead transforming this primal scene into disconcerting, often magically tinted dreamscapes. Such a painting is 'Osobna pora (Separate Season)' (1971), depicting her mother Anna's head floating in an abstract landscape. The apparition of Anna's head recurs six times in this scene, yet her smiling face seems to both defy death and time as she exists suspended in the artist's memory. The traumatic loss of her parents is also the subject of 'Bardzo Dawno (From Long Ago)' (undated). This physically small yet monumentally important painting not only depicts the traumatic murder of Rosenstein's parents, but it also suggests the fairy tale as the central form and conceptual core of her entire practice. This shift towards a more figurative style is shown in a selection of expressive drawings that span from the early 1970s to the 1990s. On view are a group of eight works on paper in their original authorial framing suspended from the ceiling, depicting dream-like imagery that has become a hallmark of her oeuvre.



'Erna Rosenstein' also presents a selection of untitled assemblage sculptures made by the artist during the early 1980s, a period of martial law in Poland when scarcity prevailed. These works – among them a waste basket, a cigarette pack with eyes and an old purse with teeth – transform the most humdrum bric-a-brac into the substance of art and oscillate between the figural and the abstract. They reflect the childlike and whimsical aspects of Rosenstein's sublimating practice and echo the artist's early Surrealist lexicon of expression. Rosenstein also applied her drawing practice to found objects, as seen in 'Untitled' (1973). Comprised of a coffee table from Rosenstein's studio, 'Untitled' offers an insight into her dedicated practice which often led to the blurring of boundaries between life and art in her work.

Rosenstein's 'Szafa (Cabinet)' (ca. 1960 – 2004), an everyday cabinet, functioned as a piece of furniture in the artist's home studio, housing her writings, sketchbooks and correspondence. A 'cabinet of curiosities' of sorts, it operated dually as a repository for her creative impulses: Rosenstein adorned the cabinet's doors with personal references and trinkets, collecting collaged found objects, postcards, photographs and reproductions of Flemish paintings. Rosenstein's writings coexisted alongside her visual artistic practice from as early as the 1940s when she began to publish children's tales in Polish magazines. After the birth of her son in 1950, she commenced writing fairytales that, like her paintings, drew their narratives from the tension between magical realism and a bleak, pragmatic reality replete with loneliness and misfortune. Often, her writings become allegories of her own Polish Jewish experience with antisemitism.

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About the Artist

Born in 1913 in Lviv and raised in Kraków, Erna Rosenstein emerged as part of the Polish avant-garde in the 1930s, associated with the Kraków Group. She enrolled at the Academy of Fine Arts in Kraków, where she studied between 1934 and 1936, and was part of a tight-knit circle whose artistic innovations were rooted in socially progressive left-leaning politics and who mobilized actions under the Communist Union of Polish Youth. As part of the Kraków Group, she identified with such fellow artists as Jonasz Stern, Jadwiga Maziarska and, especially, Tadeusz Kantor, whose underground experimental artistic and theatre activities embraced Surrealism. In late 1937, prior to the outbreak of the Second World War, Rosenstein travelled to Paris, where she spent several months and saw the Exposition Internationale du Surréalisme (International Surrealist Exhibition) organized by André Breton and Paul Éluard. Passing through Germany on her way home to Poland, she also visited the Berlin edition of the Nazi Party's notorious Degenerate Art Exhibition. These two shows made a profound impact upon Rosenstein's early artistic ideas and undoubtedly influenced her storied career.

When war erupted and the Nazis invaded Poland in 1939, Rosenstein returned with her family to Lwów (now the Ukrainian city Lviv). They spent two years living in the Soviet occupied city, which provided less hostile conditions for Jewish families; there Rosenstein joined the Association of Artists. When Lwów was seized by the German army in 1941, the artist and her mother moved to the Jewish ghetto while her father went into hiding. The family acquired false identity papers in 1942 and escaped the ghetto to flee toward Warsaw. The horrifying events that followed would haunt the imagery and themes Rosenstein explored in her work for the ensuing five decades: in the process of the family's sojourn, Rosenstein witnessed the brutal murder of her parents in a forest the middle of the night. Wounded but able to escape, she survived the next three years of the war by living under false identities, changing the whereabouts of her lodging in Warsaw and ultimately hiding in the small rural town of Częstochowa until the war's end. She resumed painting again in 1945. In the years that followed, Rosenstein joined the Polish Workers' Party, became a member of the Association of Polish Artists and Designers (ZPAP) and the Young Artists Group, and exhibited her work in the National Modern Art Exhibition in Kraków (1948 – 1949), before eventually settling in Warsaw and participating in the reactivation of the Kraków Group in 1957. Rosenstein married the literary critic Artur Sandauer in 1949 and is survived by their only child, Adam Sandauer. Hauser & Wirth has represented the Estate of Erna Rosenstein since 2019 in collaboration with Foksal Gallery Foundation in Warsaw, Poland.

For additional information, please contact:

Anna-Maria Pfab, Hauser & Wirth, annamariapfab@hauserwirth.com, +41 79 965 50 89 (Europe)
Maddy Martin, Hauser & Wirth, maddymartin@hauserwirth.com +44 7585 979564 (Europe)

HAUSER & WIRTH

Hauser & Wirth Zurich, Limmatstrasse

Limmatstrasse 270
8005 Zürich

Opening hours:

Tue – Fri, 11 am – 6pm
Sat, 11 am – 5 pm

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Caption and courtesy information:

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Foundation

Erna Rosenstein
Kwiaty piekła (Hell Flowers)
1968
Oil on canvas
49 x 70 cm / 19 1/4 x 27 1/2 in
Photo: Marek Gardulski

Erna Rosenstein
Poświata (Afterglow)
1968
Oil on canvas with artist frame
58 x 66 cm / 22 7/8 x 26 in
Photo: Marek Gardulski

Erna Rosenstein
Osobna pora (Separate Season)
1971
Oil and mixed media on canvas
73.7 x 60.6 x 2.5 cm / 29 x 23 7/8 x 1 in
Photo: Thomas Barratt

Erna Rosenstein
Bardzo dawne (From Long Ago)
Undated
Paint and pencil on particleboard
35.2 x 25.1 x 0.6 cm / 13 7/8 x 9 7/8 x 1/4 in
Photo: Thomas Barratt

Erna Rosenstein
Untitled
Undated
Cigarette pack, paint, clay elements
10.5 x 6.4 x 2.5 cm / 4 1/8 x 2 1/2 x 1 in
Photo: Thomas Barratt

Erna Rosenstein
Szafa (Cabinet)
1960-2004 c.
Wardrobe cabinet with collage and assemblage
elements
179 x 50 x 107 cm / 70 1/2 x 19 5/8 x 42 1/8 in
Photo: Thomas Barratt

Erna Rosenstein in her studio on Karłowicza
Street in Warsaw, 1996



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